

Initial-boundary value problems for nonlinear parabolic equations with time depended delay

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Let $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be a bounded domain with a piecewise smooth boundary $\partial\Omega$, $\partial\Omega = \Gamma_0 \cup \Gamma_1$, $\Gamma_1 \cap \Gamma_0 = \emptyset$, $\nu = (\nu_1, \dots, \nu_n)$ is a unit outward pointing normal vector on the $\partial\Omega$; $T > 0$ and $Q := \Omega \times (0, T)$, $\Sigma_0 := \Gamma_0 \times (0, T)$, $\Sigma_1 := \Gamma_1 \times (0, T)$.

Consider the problem of finding a function $u : \overline{\Omega} \times [-\tau_0, T] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ satisfying (in some sense) the equation

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{d}{dx_i} a_i(x, t, u, \nabla u) + a_0(x, t, u, \nabla u) + \int_{t-\tau(t)}^t c(x, t, s, u(x, s)) ds \\ = - \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} f_i(x, t) + f_0(x, t), \quad (x, t) \in Q, \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

the boundary conditions

$$u \Big|_{\Sigma_0} = 0, \quad \sum_{i=1}^n a_i(x, t, u, \nabla u) \nu_i \Big|_{\Sigma_1} = 0, \quad (2)$$

and the initial condition

$$u(x, t) = u_0(x, t), \quad (x, t) \in \overline{\Omega} \times [-\tau_0, 0]. \quad (3)$$

Here $\tau : [0, T] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a continuous function such that $\tau(t) \geq 0$ for all $t \in [0, T]$, $\tau_0 := \max\{-\inf_{t \in [0, T]} (t - \tau(t)), 0\}$ (assume $[-0, 0] = \{0\}$),

and $a_i : Q \times \mathbb{R}^{1+n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $c : Q \times (-\tau_0, T) \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $f_i : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ($i = \overline{0, n}$), $u_0 : \overline{\Omega} \times [-\tau_0, 0] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are given real-valued functions from the corresponding classes of initial data.

The existence and uniqueness of a weak solutions of the problem are proved and its a priori estimate is obtained.